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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/037,755	10/22/2001	Young-Kwon Cho	678-0757	7574
66547 7590 06/23/2008 THE FARRELL LAW FIRM, P.C. 333 EARLE OVINGTON BOULEVARD			EXAMINER	
			TRAN, KHAI	
	SUITE 701 UNIONDALE, NY 11553		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2611	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			06/23/2008	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	10/037,755	CHO ET AL.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	KHAI TRAN	2611
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap Period for Reply	ppears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REP WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING I - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perior Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statu. Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mail earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS froute, cause the application to become ABANDON	DN. timely filed m the mailing date of this communication. NED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
1)☑ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 14 2a)☐ This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)☑ Th 3)☐ Since this application is in condition for allow closed in accordance with the practice under	is action is non-final. ance except for formal matters, p	
Disposition of Claims		
4)  Claim(s) 1-18 is/are pending in the applicatio 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdr 5)  Claim(s) 1-4 and 10-13 is/are allowed. 6)  Claim(s) 5-9 and 14-18 is/are rejected. 7)  Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8)  Claim(s) are subject to restriction and application Page 2	rawn from consideration.	
Application Papers		
9) The specification is objected to by the Examir 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) according a control and applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corresponding to the corresponding to the corresponding and the corresponding to the cor	ccepted or b) objected to by the e drawing(s) be held in abeyance. S ection is required if the drawing(s) is c	ee 37 CFR 1.85(a). objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of:      1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bure * See the attached detailed Office action for a list.	nts have been received. nts have been received in Applica iority documents have been recei au (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ation No ved in this National Stage
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)  Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summa Paper No(s)/Mail 5) Notice of Informal 6) Other:	

Application/Control Number: 10/037,755 Page 2

Art Unit: 2611

## **DETAILED ACTION**

1. The amendment filed 3/14/2008 has been entered. Claims 1-18 are pending in this Office action.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).
- 4. Claims 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 14, 15, 16, 17 and 18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Baker et al (U.S. Pat. 6,163,563) in view of Okawa et al (U.S. Pat. 6,842,442).

Regarding claims 5, 14, Baker discloses a modulator for generating a modulated pilot symbol by outputting an input pilot channel data at a designated phase according to an information bit of the transmission data for determining the phase (col. 9, lines 37-42). Baker fails to disclose a spreader for spreading a modulated pilot symbol output from the modulator with a predefined orthogonal code.

Okawa et al discloses a spreading modulator (13) as shown in Figure 5 for spreading a modulated pilot symbol output from the modulator (a modulator 12) with a predefined orthogonal code (see col. 2, line 60 to col. 3, line 4, showing spreading the information symbols in each of the code channels using a spreading code properly assigned to the each of the code channels, the spreading code being selected from a group of orthogonal spreading codes that are orthogonal to each other and have a period equal to an information symbol period; and spreading the pilot symbols in the code channels using one of the spreading codes being selected from the group of the orthogonal spreading codes, or any of the spreading codes other than the spreading codes assigned to the information symbols in the code channels from the group of the orthogonal spreading codes; see col. 6, line 63 to col. 64, line 10 showing (the data are modulated by each modulator 12. The modulated data symbols of each code channel output from each modulator 12 are spread using a spreading code (SC-XXLC-Y) for the pilot symbols, and using spreading codes (SC-PXLC-Y, where P represents 1-N) for the information symbols of respective code channels); and see col. 11, lines 9-27). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to utilize the spreading modulator (13) for

spreading a modulated pilot symbol output with a predefined orthogonal code as taught by Okawa et al into the teachings of Baker's modulator in order to perform an accurate channel estimate using a pilot symbols.

Regarding claims 6, 15, Baker discloses a modulator for generating a modulated pilot symbol channel data at a designated complex channel according to an information bit of the transmission data for determining the complex channel (col. 9, lines 37-42).

Baker fails to disclose a spreader for spreading a modulated pilot symbol output from the modulator with a predefined orthogonal code.

Okawa et al discloses a spreading modulator (13) as shown in Figure 5 for spreading a modulated pilot symbol output from the modulator (a modulator 12) with a predefined orthogonal code (see col. 2, line 60 to col. 3, line 4, showing spreading the information symbols in each of the code channels using a spreading code properly assigned to the each of the code channels, the spreading code being selected from a group of orthogonal spreading codes that are orthogonal to each other and have a period equal to an information symbol period; and spreading the pilot symbols in the code channels using one of the spreading codes being selected from the group of the orthogonal spreading codes, or any of the spreading codes other than the spreading codes assigned to the information symbols in the code channels from the group of the orthogonal spreading codes; see col. 6, line 63 to col. 64, line 10 showing (the data are modulated by each modulator 12. The modulated data symbols of each code channel output from each modulator 12 are spread using a spreading code (SC-XXLC-Y) for the pilot symbols, and using spreading codes (SC-PXLC-Y).

where P represents 1-N) for the information symbols of respective code channels); and see col. 11, lines 9-27). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to utilize the spreading modulator (13) for spreading a modulated pilot symbol output with a predefined orthogonal code as taught by Okawa et al into the teachings of Baker's modulator in order to perform an accurate channel estimate using a pilot symbols.

Regarding claims 9, 18, Baker discloses a modulator for generating a modulated pilot symbol by outputting an input pilot channel data on a designated complex channel according to an information bit of the transmission data for determining the complex channel (col. 9, lines 37-42). Baker fails to disclose a spreader for spreading a modulated pilot symbol output with a predefined orthogonal code selected according to the information bit, from a plurality of orthogonal codes.

Okawa et al discloses a spreading modulator (13) as shown in Figure 5 for spreading a modulated pilot symbol output from the modulator (a modulator 12) with a predefined orthogonal code (see col. 2, line 60 to col. 3, line 4, showing spreading the information symbols in each of the code channels using a spreading code properly assigned to the each of the code channels, the spreading code being selected from a group of orthogonal spreading codes that are orthogonal to each other and have a period equal to an information symbol period; and spreading the pilot symbols in the code channels using one of the spreading codes being selected from the group of the orthogonal spreading codes, or any of the spreading codes other than the spreading codes assigned to the information symbols in the code channels from the group of the

Application/Control Number: 10/037,755 Page 6

Art Unit: 2611

orthogonal spreading codes; see col. 6, line 63 to col. 64, line 10 showing (the data are modulated by each modulator 12. The modulated data symbols of each code channel output from each modulator 12 are spread using a spreading code (SC-XXLC-Y) for the pilot symbols, and using spreading codes (SC-PXLC-Y, where P represents 1-N) for the information symbols of respective code channels); and see col. 11, lines 9-27). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to utilize the spreading modulator (13) for spreading a modulated pilot symbol output with a predefined orthogonal code as taught by Okawa et al into the teachings of Baker's modulator in order to perform an accurate channel estimate using a pilot symbols.

Claims 7, 16 are similar to claim 9. Therefore, claims 7, 16 are rejected under a similar rationale.

Claims 8, 17 are similar to claims 5, 9. Therefore, claims 8, 17 are rejected under a similar rationale.

## Allowable Subject Matter

5. Claims 1-4, 10-13 are allowed.

## Conclusion

6. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to KHAI TRAN whose telephone number is (571) 272-3019. The examiner can normally be reached on 7:00AM - 4:30PM.

Application/Control Number: 10/037,755 Page 7

Art Unit: 2611

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, David Payne can be reached on (571) 272-3024. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/KHAI TRAN/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 2611

June 18, 2008